

# Vision for Global Nanoscale Science and Engineering Education

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# Outline

- **Global Challenges over the next 30 years**
- **Challenges facing US STEM education**
- **What can NSEE do?**
- **Global Nanotechnology Network**
- **About this Workshop**

# Over the Next 30 Years...

- **Oil production will peak**
  - Need “green energy” development
- **Global warming**
  - Need advanced environmental protection systems
- **Increase in population density**
  - Global health protection issues (food, water, disease control, etc.)
- **Nanotechnology will play a significant role in global energy, environment, health, and economic development.**
  - The world will soon need over 2 M nanoworkers

# To address these challenges, our citizens must learn to:

1. Think critically and make sound judgments
2. Solve complex, multidisciplinary, open-ended problems
3. Create and launch new enterprises
4. Communicate and collaborate effectively
5. Make innovative use of knowledge, information and opportunities
6. Take charge of financial, health and civic responsibilities

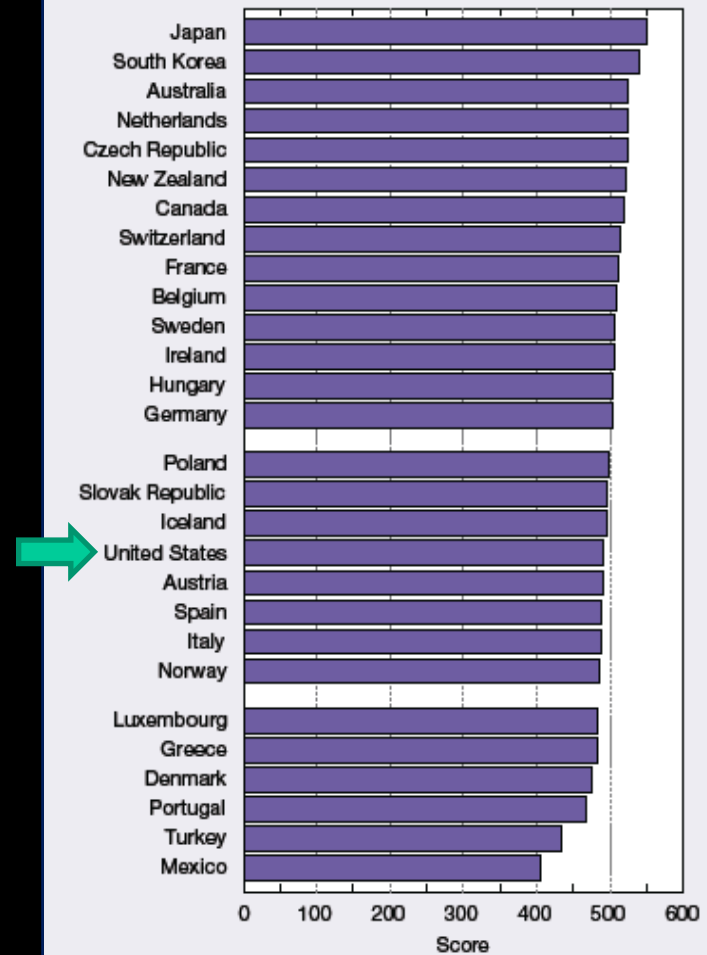
*\* Source: 21<sup>st</sup> Century Skills, Education & Competitiveness Report by Partnership for 21<sup>st</sup> Century Skills (2008)*

➤ NCLT trains the next generation of nano-literate workers with these 21st Century skills to maintain a US competitive edge in the new nanotech economy.

# STEM Challenges in the US

- STEM education is the building block for the knowledge-intensive global economy of the 21st century
- Continued global achievement gap between U.S. students (even our top performing students) and their international peers
- Less than 40% of US 25-34 year olds are college graduates, compared to nearly 55% in Russia, Canada, Japan, and Korea.

Figure O-38  
Average science literacy score of 15-year-old students, by country: 2003



\*Source: Science and Engineering Indicators 2006

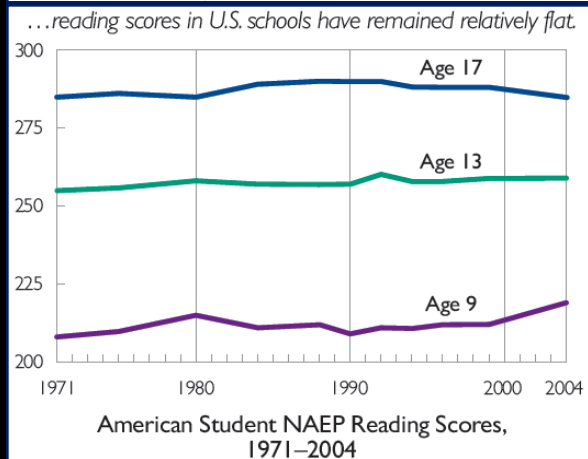
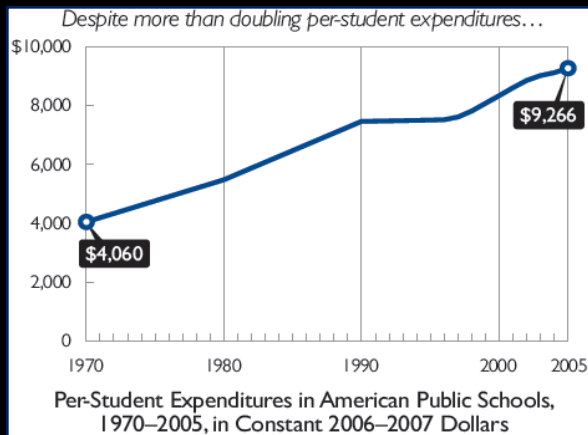


# Basic Challenges in STEM Education

- **Educating a science-literate citizenry is critical to continued US success in the global economy**
- **Secondary institutions must adapt to a world altered by technology, changing demographics and globalization**
  - Several national studies confirm the insufficient preparation of high school graduates for *either college-level work or the changing needs of the workforce.*
  - Low proficiency performance level, only 1/3 of 4<sup>th</sup> and 8<sup>th</sup> grade students reached the proficiency levels for their grades. Even fewer 12<sup>th</sup> grade students did.

# Funding Challenges in K-12 STEM Education

- **Spending increases have not produced an increase in high school achievement rates**



1. US spending at all-time high – 49% increase over past 20 years
2. Since 1985, real federal spending on K-12 education has increased by 138%
3. Only 17% of seniors are considered proficient in mathematics
4. Only 36% are proficient in reading



# Teacher Challenges in K-12 STEM Education

- **A paucity of teachers** who have the necessary knowledge and skills to effectively teach these subjects
- **Inadequate teacher compensation and professional development** to attract, prepare and retain high-quality teachers
- **Lack of interdisciplinarity** - Subjects are taught in a compartmentalized manner and teachers are isolated within discipline-based departments

# Student Challenges in K-12 STEM Education

- **Students generally lack motivation** and have low self confidence in learning STEM subjects
- **Persistent achievement gaps** in science and math among many student subgroups
- **Sweeping demographic changes** will exacerbate the gaps
  - Racial and ethnic minorities will comprise the majority of the nation's population by 2042

# Meeting at the Nanoscale

## Tools to Image & Manipulate at the Nanoscale

- 1982 Scanning Tunneling Microscope
- 1986 Atomic Force Microscope
- 1991 NSOM

**Macro Scale**

Microscopic Scale

**Nano Scale** 100 nm

1nm

Atomic Scale

**Engineering**

**Engineering**

**Physics**

**Chemistry**

**Biology**

## Tools to Fabricate at the Nanoscale

- Lithography (optical, e-beam, print)
- Focused Ion Beam
- Vapor Deposition
- Self-Assembly

**Sub-Atomic Scale**

**Biology**

**Chemistry**

**Physics**

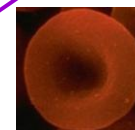
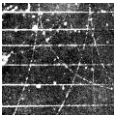
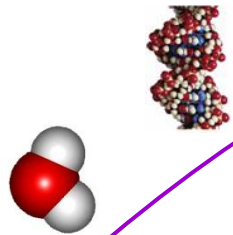
**Engineering**

**Engineering**

**Physics**

**Chemistry**

**Biology**

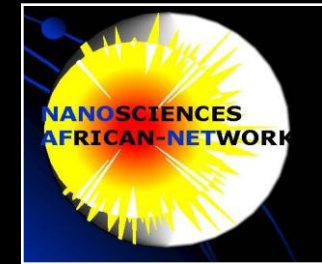


# NSEE is Unique!

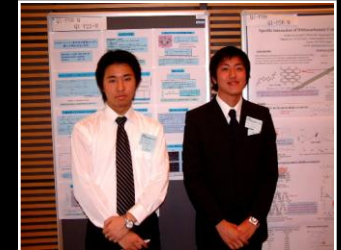
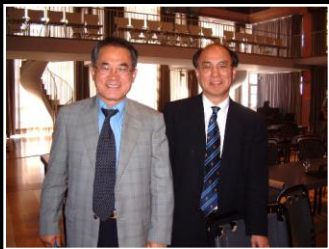
- It is interdisciplinary by nature
- Unique nano-phenomena will intrigue learners and teachers
- Nanoconcepts can enhance STEM learning
- NSEE can equip 21<sup>st</sup> century workers for global economic development



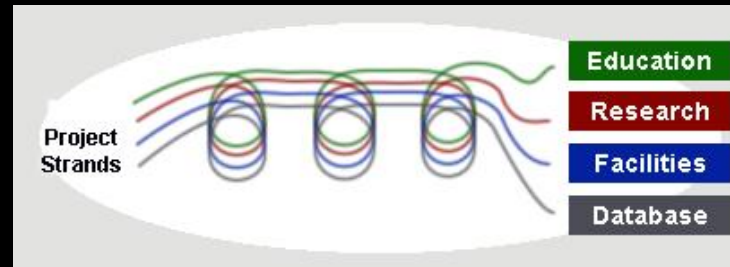
# Global Nanotechnology Network



- Partner Networks in Africa, Americas, Asia, and Europe
- **GNN development workshops** – 2001 (Mexico), 2003 (Japan), 2005 (Germany), 2009 (??)
- Diverse stakeholders in academia, industry, and government



**Education** is major project strand of the GNN!



# About this Workshop



- **The Goal of this Workshop** - Develop a global NSEE community that will greatly enhance NSEE learning and teaching.
- **Vision - use this community to work together** to train the next generation of nanotechnology workers and global leaders to solve the challenges facing our world.

# About this Workshop



This workshop brings together nano researchers and educators **from 14 countries** to share experience and best practices in NSEE via:

- Plenary and Keynote Lectures
- **Panel Discussions**
- Poster Sessions
- **Group Breakout Sessions**
- Group Reporting